

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A three-dimensional image/two-dimensional image display device includes a plurality of display pixels, and a lenticular lens for three-dimensional display. Each display 5 pixel is consisted of  $M \times N$  number of sub-pixels to be viewed from  $N$  view points. A pitch  $a$  of sub-pixels arranged in the longitudinal direction of ridge projection of the lenticular lens and a pitch  $b$  of the sub-pixels arranged in a direction orthogonal to the longitudinal direction of the lenticular 10 lens satisfy the following expression. The  $M \times N$  number of sub-pixels included in each of said display pixels are formed within a square area.

$$a : b = N : 1$$